

## HM 163.63

### Trapezoidal flume



#### Learning objectives/experiments

- together with a level gauge:
  - ► discharge measurement in open channels

#### Specification

- [1] trapezoidal flume for the experimental flume HM 163
- [2] trapezoidal flume with sealing lips

#### Technical data

Trapezoidal flume

- narrowest cross-section, WxH: 28x117mm
- material: PMMA
- LxWxH: 500x404x175mm

LxWxH: 660x404x175mm Weight: approx. 14kg

#### Scope of delivery

- 1 trapezoidal flume
- 1 set of accessories
- 1 manual

#### Description

#### ■ typical flow-measuring flume

The two most common methods of determining the discharge of a flume are flow-measuring flumes and measuring weirs. In both methods, there is a fixed relationship between discharge depth and discharge.

Flow-measuring flumes are mainly used in wastewater treatment plants because they are well suited for contaminated water. They can be easily maintained.

Trapezoidal flumes are one type of flowmeasuring flumes. The flow cross-section is triangular or trapezoidal with smooth walls. In contrast to Parshall flumes, they often have a smaller pressure head loss for the same discharge and are more suitable for small discharges. The trapezoidal flume HM 163.63 has a trapezoidal flow cross-section. The transparent walls allow to clearly observe the processes in the flume.



# **HM 163.63**

## Trapezoidal flume

Required accessories

HM 163 Experimental flume 409x500mm